Phytodiversity (pteridophytes and angiosperms) of Parvati Arga Bird Sanctuary, Gonda District, Uttar Pradesh, India

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ABSTRACT

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The paper deals with an account of pteridophytic and angiospermic plants occurring in Parvati Arga Bird Sanctuary in Gonda district, Uttar Pradesh. The study has indicated that a total of 215 species belonging to 155 genera and 60 families are found in the sanctuary. Of these, 3 species under 3 genera and 3 families belong to pteridophytes whereas 212 species under 152 genera and 57 families belong to angiosperms. An analysis has further indicated that Poaceae is the most dominant family in the area. Moreover, 9 species are rare in the sanctuary.

Key-words: Phytodiversity, pteridophytes, angiosperms, Parvati Arga Bird Sanctuary, Parvati Arga Wetland, Gonda District, Uttar Pradesh.

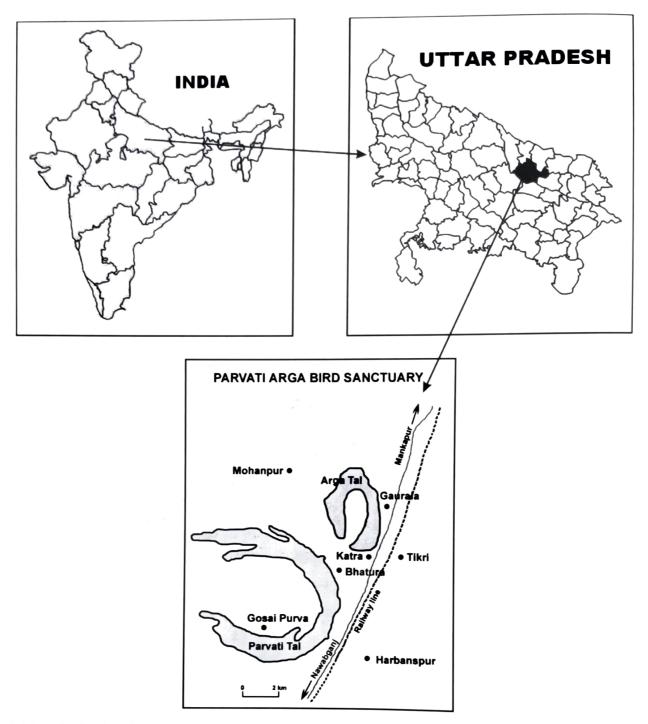
INTRODUCTION

Parvati Arga Bird Sanctuary, covering an area of 1084.47 hectares, is situated in Gonda district of Uttar Pradesh (Text-figure 1). In fact, there are two lakes in the shape of cow's foot, viz. Parvati and Arga, and so named as these are situated near an old Shiva-Parvati temple. Since the area of the two lakes is home of several indigenous birds and attracts a number of exotic and migratory birds during winter season, it has been declared as a bird sanctuary on 23rd May, 1990. Earlier, the sanctuary was under the Fisheries Department but was later transferred to Forest Department for proper management. The sanctuary harbours a number of birds including common sarus, northern pintail (seenkhpar), bar-headed goose (savan), little grebe (dubdubi),

Eurasian wigeon (piyasan batakh), mallard (neelsar), red-crested pochard (lalsar), tufted pochard (dabaru), tufted duck (ablak batakh), comb duck (nakata), ruddy shelduck (surkhab), cotton pygmy-goose (girri batakh), little cormorant (chota pankaua), great cormorant (bara pankaua), common moorhen (samanya jalmurgi), cattle egret (gay bagla), intermediate egret (patokha bagla), asian openbill (ghonghil) and purple moorhen (jamuni jalmurgi). Besides, tortoises and snakes also occur at places.

The climate of the area is typically tropical with hot waves during the summer season followed by rainy and winter seasons. The temperature during summer goes up to 45°C while during winter it lowers up to 5°C. Although the bird sanctuary experiences extreme hot weather it remains full of water throughout the year.

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Text-figure 1. Map showing location of Parvati Arga Bird Sanctuary in Gonda district, Uttar Pradesh.

A review of literature indicates that the sanctuary (wetland) has not been botanically surveyed. Since there is much emphasis laid down by Ramsar Convention (1971) to study such areas, it has been considered worthwhile to study it in detail and the results are presented in this paper.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Entire bird sanctuary was surveyed during different

seasons from 2004 to 2008. The specimens were collected, poisoned, identified and housed in the herbarium of Botanical Survey of India, Allahabad (BSA). Under enumeration, pteridophytic families are arranged alphabetically whereas those of angiosperms are arranged according to Bentham and Hooker's system of classification (1862-1883). Taxa have been arranged alphabetically under their respective families. Habitat of each taxon is also provided.

ENUMERATION

	PTERIDOPHYTA	
Family	Plant Name	Habitat
Azollaceae	Azolla pinnata R.Br.	Along the edges of lake and in marshy places.
Aarsileaceae	Marsilea minuta L.	In marshy places.
alviniaceae	Salvinia natans (L.) All.	Floating on the surface of lake.
	ANGIOSPERMAE	
Canunculaceae	Ranunculus sceleratus L.	In marshy places.
Nymphaeaceae	Nymphaea nouchali Burm.f.	Common in lake.
	Nymphaea pubescens Willd.	Common in lake.
'apaveraceae	Argemone mexicana L.	In wastelands along the lake.
Brassicaceae	Brassica rapa L.	As an escape from cultivation near the lake.
	Rorippa indica (L.) Hiem	In moist places.
Capparaceae	Cleome gynandra L.	In wastelands near the lake.
	Cleome viscosa L.	In wastelands near the lake.
Caryophyllaceae	Polycarpon prostratum (Forssk.) Asch. & Schweinf.	In moist places.
	Spergula arvensis L.	In moist places as a weed.
ortulacaceae	Portulaca oleracea L.	In moist places.
latinaceae	Bergia ammannioides Roxb. ex Roth	In moist places.
Malvaceae	Abutilon indicum (L.) Sweet	In wastelands adjoining the lake.
	Malvastrum coromandelianum (L.) Garcke	In shady habitat and wastelands near the lake.
	Sida cordata (Burm.f.) Borss.	In wastelands near the lake.
	Sida cordifolia L.	In wastelands near the lake.
	Sida rhombifolia L. emend. Mast.	In wastelands near the lake.
terculiaceae	Melochia corchorifolia L.	In wastelands near the lake.
iliaceae	Corchorus aestuans L.	In moist places along the lake.
	Corchorus capsularis L.	In moist places along the lake.
	Corchorus olitorius L.	In moist places along the lake.
	Triumfetta pentandra A.Rich.	In moist places along the lake.
	Triumfetta rhomboidea Jacq.	In wastelands near the lake.
Oxalidaceae	Biophytum sensitivum (L.) DC.	In moist places.
	Oxalis corniculata L.	In moist places as a weed.
utaceae	Glycosmis pentaphylla (Retz.) DC.	In wastelands near the lake.
hamnaceae	Ziziphus mauritiana Lam.	In wastelands near the lake.
Fabaceae	Aeschynomene aspera L.	In marshy places.
	Aeschynomene indica L.	In marshy places.
	Desmodium gangeticum (L.) DC.	In wastelands along the lake.
	Medicago polymorpha L. emend. Shin.	In moist places.
	Melilotus alba Medik. ex Desr.	In moist places.
	Melilotus indica (L.) All.	As a weed in moist places.
Caesalpiniaceae	Caesalpinia bonduc (L.) Roxb.	In wastelands near the lake.
	Senna occidentalis (L.) Link	In wastelands along the lake.
	Senna tora (L.) Roxb.	In wastelands along the lake.
Mimosaceae	Acacia nilotica (L.) Delile subsp. indica (Benth.) Brenan	Growing near the lake.
	Albizia lebbeck (L.) Benth.	Growing near the lake.
	Neptunia oleracea Lour.	Floating on lake.
Rosaceae	Potentilla supina L.	In marshy places.
ythraceae	Ammannia baccifera L.	In marshy places.
	Ammannia multiflora Roxb.	In marshy places.
	Rotala densiflora (Roth ex Roem. & Schult.) Koehne	In marshy places.
	Rotala rotundifolia (Roxb.) Koehne	In marshy places.
Onagraceae	Ludwigia octovalvis (Jacq.) Raven	In marshy places.
	Ludwigia perennis L.	In marshy places.
	Ludwigia prostrata Roxb.	In marshy places.
Cucurbitaceae	Coccinia grandis (L.) Voigt	Climber near the lake.
Apiaceae	Centella asiatica (L.) Urban	In moist places.
	Oenanthe javanica (Blume) DC.	In lake.

Acmella paniculata (Wall. ex DC.) R.K.Jansen Asteraceae In moist and marshy places. Ageratum conyzoides L. In wastelands along the lake. Conyza bonariensis (L.) Cronq. In wastelands along the lake. Cyanthillium cinereum (L.) H.Rob. In wastelands along the lake. Eclipta prostrata (L.) L. In moist and marshy places. Enhydra fluctuans Lour. In shallow water of lake. Gnaphalium pensylvanicum Willd. In moist places. Gnaphalium polycaulon Pers. In moist places. Launaea procumbens (Roxb.) Ramayya & Rajagopal In wastelands along the lake. Parthenium hysterophorus L. In wastelands near the lake. Sonchus asper (L.) Hill. In wastelands along the lake. Tridax procumbens L. In wastelands along the lake. Xanthium indicum Koenig In wastelands along the lake. Primulaceae Anagallis arvensis L. In moist places. Asclepiadaceae Calotropis procera (Aiton) R.Br. In wastelands along the lake. Menyanthaceae Nymphoides hydrophylla (Lour.) Kuntze Floating on lake. Nymphoides indica (L.) Kuntze Floating on lake. Convolvulaceae Ipomoea aquatica Forssk. Floating on lake. Ipomoea carnea Jacq. In marshy places. Solanaceae Datura innoxia Mill. In wastelands along the lake. Physalis minima L. In moist places. Solanum nigrum L. In moist places. Solanum virginianum L. In moist places. Scrophulariaceae Bacopa monnieri (L.) Wettst. On the margins of lake. Limnophila chinensis (Osb.) Merr. On the margins of lake. Limnophila indica (L.) Druce In marshy places. Lindernia crustacea (L.) F.v.Mull. In moist places. Mazus pumilus (Burm.f.) Steenis In moist places. Scoparia dulcis L. In wastelands near the lake. Verbascum chinense (L.) Santapau In wastelands near the lake. Veronica anagallis-aquatica L. In marshy places. Lentibulariaceae Utricularia aurea Lour. In shallow areas of the lake. Utricularia exoleta R.Br. In shallow areas of the lake. Utricularia stellaris L.f. In shallow areas of the lake. Pedaliaceae Martynia annua L. In wastelands along the lake. Sesamum indicum L. As an escape from cultivation near the lake. Acanthaceae Dicliptera paniculata (Forssk.) I.Darbysh In wastelands near the lake. Hygrophila auriculata (Schumach.) Heine In marshy places. Hygrophila polysperma (Roxb.) T.Anderson In marshy places. Hygrophila salicifolia (Vahl) Nees In marshy places. Justicia adhatoda L. In wastelands near the lake. Justicia diffusa Willd. In moist places. Ruellia prostrata Poir. In moist places. Rungia repens (L.) Nees In wastelands near the lake. Verbenaceae Phyla nodiflora (L.) E.Greene In marshy places. Lamiaceae Anisomeles indica (L.) Kuntze In wastelands along the lake. Leucas aspera (Willd.) Link In moist places. Micromeria capitellata Benth. In moist places. Ocimum americanum L. In wastelands near the lake. Ocimum basilicum L. In wastelands near the lake. Salvia plebeia R.Br. In moist places. Amaranthaceae Achyranthes aspera L. In wastelands along the lake. Alternanthera sessilis (L.) R.Br. ex DC. In moist places. Amaranthus spinosus L. In wastelands along the lake. Amaranthus tricolor L. In wastelands near the lake. Amaranthus viridis L. In wastelands near the lake. Celosia argentea L. In wastelands near the lake. Digera muricata (L.) Mart. In wastelands near the lake. Chenopodiaceae Chenopodium murale L. Basellaceae In moist places. Basella alba L. Climber near lake. Polygonaceae Persicaria barbata (L.) Hara In marshy places. Persicaria decipiens (R.Br) K.L.Wilson In marshy places. Persicaria glabra (Willd.) Gomes In marshy places. Persicaria lapathifolia (L.) Delarbre In marshy places. Polygonum plebeium R.Br.

Rumex dentatus L.

In moist places.

In marshy places.

Euphorbiaceae Acalypha indica L. Chrozophora prostrata Dalzell In wastelands near the lake. Croton bonplandianus Baill. In wastelands near the lake.

Euphorbia hirta L. Euphorbia thymifolia L.

Phyllanthus fraternus G.L. Webster

Ricinus communis L. Cannabis sativa L. Cannabaceae

Ceratophyllaceae Ceratophyllum demersum L. Hydrocharitaceae Hydrilla verticillata (L.f.) Royle

Lagarosiphon alternifolia (Roxb.) Druce

Ottelia alismoides (L.) Pers. Vallisneria spiralis L.

Orchidaceae Zeuxine strateumatica (L.) Schlechter Eicchornia crassipes (Mart.) Solms. Pontederiaceae Monochoria hastata (L.) Solms.

Monochoria vaginalis (Burm.f.) K.Presl

Commelinaceae Commelina benghalensis L.

> Commelina caroliniana Walter Commelina suffruticosa Blume Cyanotis axillaris (L.) D.Don ex Sweet Murdannia nudiflora (L.) Brenan

Typhaceae Typha angustifolia L. Araceae Colocasia esculenta (L.) Schott Lemnaceae Lemna perpusilla Torr. Spirodela polyrhiza (L.) Schleid. Wolffia arrhiza (L.) Horkel ex Wimm.

Alismataceae Limnophyton obtusifolium (L.) Miq.

Sagittaria guayanensis Humb., Bonpl. & Kunth subsp.

lappula (D.Don) Bogin Sagittaria trifolia L.

Limnocharitaceae Butomopsis latifolia (D.Don) Kunth

Najadaceae Najas graminea Delile

Aponogeton natans (L.) Engl. & K.Krause Aponogetonaceae

Aponogeton undulatus Roxb. Potamogetonaceae Potamogeton crispus L. Potamogeton nodosus Poir. Zannichelliaceae Zannichellia palustris L.

Anosporum cephalotes (Vahl) Kurz Cyperaceae

> Cyperus alulatus Kern Cyperus corymbosus Rottb. Cyperus difformis L. Cyperus exaltatus Retz. Cyperus iria L. Cyperus platystylis R.Br. Cyperus rotundus L.

Eleocharis acutangula (Roxb.) Schult.

Eleocharis atropurpurea (Retz.) J.Presl & K.Presl

Eleocharis dulcis (Burm.f.) Hensch. Fimbristylis aestivalis (Retz.) Vahl Fimbristylis bisumbellata (Forssk.) Bubani

Fimbristylis dichotoma (L.) Vahl Fimbristylis ferruginea (L.) Vahl Fimbristylis miliacea (L.) Vahl

Juncellus alopecuroides (Rottb.) C.B.Clarke Juncellus pygmaeus (Rottb.) C.B.Clarke

Kyllinga brevifolia Rottb.

Kyllinga nemoralis (J.R.Forster & G.Forster) Dandy ex

Hutch. & Dalziel

Kyllinga tenuifolia Steud. Mariscus compactus (Retz.) Boldingh Rikliella squarrosa (L.) J.Raynal

Schoenoplectus articulatus (L.) Palla Schoenoplectus juncoides (Roxb.) Palla Schoenoplectus lateriflorus (J.F.Gmel.) Lye Schoenoplectus mucronatus (L.) Palla

Scirpus tuberosus Desf.

In wastelands near the lake.

In moist places. In moist places.

In moist and shady places. In wastelands along the lake. In wastelands along the lake.

Common in lake. Common in lake. In deep water of lake. In deep water of lake. Common in lake. In marshy places.

Abundant on the margins of lake.

In marshy places. In shallow water. In moist places. In moist places. In moist shady places. In marshy places. In moist places.

In marshy places and on the margins of lake.

In moist places.

Floating on the surface of lake. Floating on the surface of lake. Floating on the surface of lake. In shallow water of lake. On the margins of lake.

On the margins of lake. In marshy places. Common in lake. In shallow water of lake.

In shallow water of lake. Common in lake. Common in lake. In shallow water of lake. In marshy places. In marshy places. In moist places. In marshy places. On the margins of lake. In moist places. On the margins of lake. In moist places. In marshy places. In marshy places.

In moist places. In moist and marshy places.

In marshy places. In moist places. In marshy places. In marshy places. In marshy places.

In marshy places.

In moist places. In marshy places.

In moist places. In moist places. In moist places. In marshy places. In shallow water of lake. In shallow water of lake. In shallow water of lake. In marshy places.

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Poaceae

Alloteropsis cimicina (L.) Stapf

Arundo donax L.

Brachiaria ramosa (L.) Stapf

Brachiaria reptans (L.) Gard. & Hubb.

Coix lacryma-jobi L.

Cynodon dactylon (L.) Pers.

Desmostachya bipinnata (L.) Stapf

Dichanthium annulatum (Forssk.) Stapf

Digitaria ciliaris (Retz.) Koeler

Echinochloa crusgalli (L.) P.Beauv.

Echinochloa stagnina (Retz.) P.Beauv.

Eleusine indica (L.) Gaertn.

Eragrostis tenella (L.) P.Beauv. ex Roem. & Schult.

Hemarthria compressa (L.f.) R.Br.

Hygroryza aristata (Retz.) Nees ex Wight & Arnott

Imperata cylindrica (L.) P.Beauv.

Oplismenus burmannii (Retz.) P.Beauv.

Oryza minuta J.Presl ex K.Presl

Oryza rufipogon Griff.

Panicum paludosum Roxb.

Paspalidium flavidum (Retz.) A.Camus Paspalidium geminatum (Forssk.) Stapf

Paspalidium punctatum (Burm.f.) A.Camus

Paspalum vaginatum Sw.

Pennisetum pedicellatum Trin.

Phragmites vallatoria (Pluk. ex L.) Veldkamp

Rottboellia cochinchinensis (Lour.) Clayton

Saccharum spontaneum L.

Setaria intermedia Roem. & Schult.

Vetiveria zizanioides (L.) Nash

In moist places.

In lake beds.

In wastelands along lake.

In wastelands along lake.

In wastelands near lake.

In moist places near lake.

In moist places.

In wastelands along lake.

In wastelands along lake.

In marshy places.

Along the edges of lake.

In moist places.

In moist places.

In moist places.

Floating on the surface of lake.

In wastelands along lake.

In moist shady places.

In marshy places.

in marshy places.

In marshy places and shallow water of lake.

In marshy places.

In moist places.

In marshy places.

In marshy places.

In marshy places and shallow water of lake.

In moist places.

In marshy places and shallow water of lake.

In wastelands near lake.

In wastelands along the lake.

In moist places.

In marshy places.

DISCUSSION

The present study indicates that a total of 215 species (pteridophytes and angiosperms) belonging to 155 genera and 60 families are found in Parvati Arga Bird Sanctuary. Of these, 3 species under 3 genera and 3 families belong to pteridophytes while 212 species under 152 genera and 57 families belong to angiosperms. Among the angiosperms 126 species under 95 genera and 42 families belong to dicot while 86 species under 57 genera and 15 families belong to monocot. The analysis further indicates that Poaceae (30 spp.) is the most dominant family. It is followed by Cyperaceae (28 spp.), Asteraceae (13 spp.), Scrophulariaceae and Acanthaceae (8 spp. each), Amaranthaceae and Euphorbiaceae (7 spp. each), Fabaceae, Lamiaceae and Polygonaceae (6 spp. each). Occurrence of such a high number of species in the sanctuary is an indication of high floristic richness of the area. It is interesting to record that some plants viz., Potentilla supina, Enhydra fluctuans, Persicaria decipiens, Zeuxine strateumatica, Sagittaria trifolia, Aponogeton undulatus, Cyperus platystylis, Juncellus pygmaeus and Eleocharis acutangula are rare in the sanctuary. Thus, the present study not only fulfils our commitment to Ramsar Convention but also provides important information about the sanctuary.

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